# The Many Facets of THREDDS

Thematic Real-time Environmental Distributed Data Services

#### For March 2007 Unidata Policy Committee Meeting

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# Motivation

From the Unidata 2003 proposal:

"utilizing the aggregate data holdings of all Unidata sites as a common resource, accessed via the Internet "(1997).



# **THREDDS** Facets Topics

#### • THREDDS as:

- A Catalog Service for Remote Data Access via ADDE & DODS/OPeNDAP
- A Digital Library Collection
- An Integrated Package for Serving Scientific Metadata and Data
- A Working Platform for Standards-based Web Services
- A Highly Collaborative Community Project
- Examples of search systems incorporating THREDDS
- Future options



# Typical IDD Data Handling at a Unidata Site



### Remote "pull" Data Access

User with local analysis and display tools

Data via FTP, ADDE, OPeNDAP protocols

Hydrologic Data

IDD

Oceanographic Data

IDD

Atmospheric Data

**IDD** 

# THREDDS as a Complement to ADDE & OPeNDAP

- ADDE and OPeNDAP provide access to remote datasets "as if on local disk"
- Data format transformations (decoding) and subsetting can be done on server side
- THREDDS provides catalogs that can be simple inventory lists of remote datasets
- Need for hierarchical catalogs of catalogs became apparent early on
- End result functions like remote file system

unidata

### **THREDDS** Metadata & Remote Data



# NAM CONUS 40km CONDUIT

### Catalog http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/ca

#### Dataset



File\_Access

latest

NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_1800.grib1

NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_1200.grib1

NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_0600.grib1

NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_0000.grib1

NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070224\_1800.grib1

# THREDDS Catalogs as Collections of Metadata

- Catalogs are more than remote dataset lists:
  - containers for both discovery and use metadata
  - range from simple inventory lists with minimal data descriptions
  - to web documents with embedded interactive data analysis tools
  - mechanism for including datasets into digital libraries and other discovery centers (e.g. GCMD, NSDL, DLESE, NCAR CDP)
- First THREDDS NSDL "collections" grant in 2001



### **Original THREDDS Concept**



# **THREDDS** Metadata

- What property of the Earth, ocean, atmosphere do the numbers in the dataset represent (e.g. temperature, wind speed)?
- What are the units of measure?
- Where do the measurements or predictions apply?
- When were they taken or what time do they forecast?



# GCMD "thredds" item

Platforms/Sources	Data Center
Projects	Data Center Name: UCAR/UNIDATA > Unidata, University Corporation for Atmospheric Research 0
<ul> <li>Geospatial One Stop</li> <li>Projects</li> </ul>	Data Center URL: <u>http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/</u> Personnel
Free text Search	Name: <u>UNIDATA USER SUPPORT</u> Email: support at unidata.ucar.edu Contact Address: UCAR Office of Programs
Portal Collaborations	Unidata Program Center P.O. Box 3000 <b>City:</b> Boulder
<ul><li>Help Center</li><li>Questions?</li></ul>	Province or State: CO Postal Code: 80307-3000 Country: USA
	Delated IIDI

Content Type: GET DATA > THREDDS CATALOG URL: <u>http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/catalog/fmrc/NCEP/DGEX/CONU...</u>

Content Type: GET DATA > THREDDS DIRECTORY URL: <u>http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/catalog/fmrc/NCEP/DGEX/CONU...</u>

#### Interoperability with Other Disciplines: Different Ways of Thinking about Data

- To the GIS (solid earth, hydrology, and societal impacts) community, the world is:
  - A collection of static *features* (e.g., roads, lakes, plots of land) with geographic footprints on the Earth (surface).
  - The *features* are <u>discrete objects</u> with attributes which can be stored and manipulated conveniently in a **database**.
- To the fluids (atmosphere and oceans) communities, the world is:
  - A set of *parameters* (e.g., pressure, temperature, wind speed) which vary as <u>continuous functions</u> in 3-dimensional space and time.
  - The behavior of the *parameters* in space and time is governed by a set of **equations**.
  - Data are simply discrete points in the mathematical function space.





### ESRI arcGIS THREDDS Integration: Schools in LEAD Forecast Rainstorm Area



# **TDS: THREDDS Data Server**

- Integrated package of services
- Data access
  - OPeNDAP
  - Web Coverage Service (WCS)
  - netCDF subset service
- Rudimentary processing
  - Format transformations
  - Subsetting variables, space, time
- THREDDS catalogs
- Open Archives (OAI) harvesting



### **THREDDS Data Server Architecture**



# **Common Data Model**

- Combine best characteristics of netCDF, OPeNDAP, and HDF data models
- Maintain simple, elegant data access interface of netCDF
- Add useful capabilities from OPeNDAP and HDF such as:
  - Character strings
  - Structures
- Provides common model for data exchange



# THREDDS as a Team Effort

#### • UPC

- coordinates collaborative activities
- develops and supports catalog generation and service technologies

#### • **Community** implements servers (e.g., several dozen ADDE servers made available as part of Unidata McIDAS distribution)

#### Partners

- as data providers, tool builders, interoperability experts from academia, government, industry
- represent several disciplines



### THREDDS Data Provider Partners

- University of Alabama Huntsville
- **ARM** Atmospheric Radiation Measurement)
- CDC, the Climate Diagnostic Center
- COLA, Center for Oceans Land Atmosphere
- University of Florence
- **GMU**, George Mason University
- IRI/LDEO, International Research Institute/Lamont Doherty Earth Observatory
- **ESG**, the Earth System GRID (NCAR/SCD)
- **IRIS DMC**, Incorporated Research Institutes for Seismology Data Management Center
- NCAR, the National Center for Atmospheric Research
- NCDC, the National Climatic Data Center
- NGDC, National Geophysical Data Center
- NOMADS, NOAA Operational Model Archive and Distribution System,
- University of Oklahoma
- **PMEL**, the Pacific Marine Environment Laboratory
- FNMOC, Fleet Numerical Meteorological and Oceanographic Center
- **SSEC**, the Space Science and Engineering Center., U. of Wisconsin-Madison
- Unidata Community ADDE servers
- CIESIN Consortium for International Earth Science Information Network )
- CUAHSI Consortium of Universities for Advancement of Hydrologic Science
- ESIG NCAR Environmental Societal Impacts Group
- Earthscope UCAR UNAVCO
- GEON GEOphysical Network UCSD San Diego Supercomputer Center
- ESRI GIS Community



# THREDDS partners: Analysis/Display Tool Builders

- Data Discovery Toolkit and Foundry (New Media Studio).
- **GDS**, GrADS/DODS Server (COLA)
- IDV, Integrated Data Viewer (Unidata Program Center)
- INGRID (IRI/LDEO, International Research Institute/Lamont Doherty Earth Observatory,)
- LAS, Live Access Server (PMEL, the Pacific Marine Environment Laboratory)
- VGEE, Virtual Geophysical Exploration Environment (NCAR, DLESE, U. of Illinois, Unidata, many collaborators)
- **WXWISE Applets (SSEC**, the Space Science and Engineering Center., U. of Wisconsin-Madison, Tom Whittaker)
- ArcGIS (ESRI GIS Clients (ESRI, Inc.)
- OGC Clients (Open GIS Consortium)
- MyWorld (Northwestern educational GIS Client)



## **THREDDS** Interoperability Partners

- **ADDE**, Abstract Data Distribution Environment (University of Wisconsin Madison,)
- **DIMES**, DIstributed MEtadata System (George Mason University)
- **DODS/OPeNDAP/Aggregation Server**, Distributed Oceanographic Data System/Open source Project for a Network Data Access Protocol (University of Rhode Island, Unidata)
- **DLESE**,( Digital Library for Earth System Education )
- ESML, Earth System Markup Language (University of Alabama-Huntsville)
- GCMD, (Global Change Master Directory)
- OGC and ISO Standards (University of Florence)
- *ADL\_*(Gazetteer Services The University of California, Santa Barbara)
- DLESE Evaluation Services (The University of Colorado CIRES)
- DLESE Data Services (TERC)
- DLESE\_Program Center Digital Library for Earth System Education
- ESRI
- **OPeNDAP** (The University of Rhode Island Open source Project for a Network Data Access Protocol -- formerly DODS)
- **LAITS** (Laboratory for Advanced Information Technology and Standards, George Mason University)
- **NSDL Evaluation Services** (University of Colorado)
- OGC (Open GIS Consortium,)
- **SWEET** (Semantic Web for Earth and Environmental Terminology)



# **THREDDS** in Action

- Portal interfaces
  - Unidata Motherlode
  - NCDC
  - PMEL Live Access Server
- Programmatic web services interfaces
  - IDV
  - arcGIS
  - IDL
  - Gi-GO
- Discovery
  - NCAR CDP
  - UAH NOESIS
  - George Mason



### **Projects Related to THREDDS**

http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/projects/THREDDS/GALEON/Reports/RelatedTechnologies.html

- GALEON/WCS
- NASA/GMU ACCESS Geosciences Catalogs CSW (Catalog Services for the Web)
- <u>GI-Go</u> (Catalog browser and data access cliient)
- <u>netCDF</u> (Java netCDF is basis for THREDDS Data Service)
- HDF (HDF5 access via TDS)
- **ADDE** (Client/server protocol, part of McIDAS)
- CF (and COARDS) Conventions for netCDF
- Live Access Server (LAS) (Incorporates THREDDS catalog system, deployed at hundreds of sites)
- <u>Community Data Portal at NCAR</u>
- MMI (Marine Metadata Interoperability project)
- **SWEET** (Semantic Web for Earth and Environmental Terminology)
- ESIP Federation Service Collaboration Demos (includes TDS/WCS services)
- ESRI ArcGIS 9.2 netCDF Interface (works with TDS datasets)



# Summary

- "Seamless" access to historical data at remote sites: *Client/server with ADDE and OPeNDAP*
- Discovery and use of remote data: THREDDS catalogs
- Interoperability with GIS data systems: Web Coverage (and other) standard services
- UPC develops core technologies, coordinates team projects, supports integrated packages
- Community deploys
- Partners as data provider, discovery centers, client implementers



### Recent (last week) Developments

- Gi-GO catalog metadata and data access client from U of Florence partners
- Standards-based catalog generator and client from George Mason University/NASA ACCESS project partners
- Invitation to participate in ESIP Federation proposal to NSF NSDL data-centri Pathway. (Google likely partner.)



# **Resulting Policy Issue**

Roles of UPC, Unidata community, and partnerships in data search systems

Until now, the UPC has worked with partners for data discovery. Should we become more active?



# **Future Possibilities**

- UPC continues developing infrastructure and capitalizing on partnerships with search experts
- UPC takes more active role in providing search services
- UPC and Unidata community focus more resources on creating metadata content for metadata catalogs



# One Approach

- New slot or redirection of staff to establish a "data czar" position with responsibilities to:
- Know what datasets are important, and document their characteristics: size, format, data types, availability, etc.
- Work with community to add metadata to THREDDS catalogs.
- Create a datapedia, and get others in the community to contribute to it.
- Be a resource for developers needing to access the data.

When this is actually rolling in a couple years then <sup>29</sup> search systems will be more effective

# **Direct Access to Examples**

- <u>http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/topcatalog.html</u>
- http://nomads.ncdc.noaa.gov:8085/thredds/
- <u>http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/catalog.html</u>
- <u>http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/projects/THREDDS/DataPublicatio</u> <u>ns/</u>
- <u>http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/projects/THREDDS/DataPublicatio</u> ns/EarlyLEAD/EarlyLEAD.xml
- <u>http://lead4.unidata.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/catalog/model/UCA</u> <u>R/UNIDATA/WRFNMM/catalog.xml</u>
- http://localhost:8080/thredds/catalog.html
- http://noesis.itsc.uah.edu/
- <u>http://gcmd.nasa.gov</u>
- <u>http://cdp.ucar.edu/</u>
- http://zeus.pin.unifi.it/projects/gi-go/gi-go.jnlp



### Motherlode Portal Catalog of Catalogs

#### Catalog http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/topcata





## NCDC Server

#### Catalog http://nomads.ncdc.noaa.gov:9091/dods/thredds

Dataset	Si
NCDC NOMADS GrADS Server 2	
GDAS-BUFR/	
GFDL-CM2.1-DATASETS/	
IGRA_MONTHLY_RAOBS/	
IGRA_STATION_RAOBS/	
NCEP_GFS/	
NCEP_GFS_ANALYSIS/	
NCEP_NAM/	
NCEP_NAM_ANALYSIS/	
NCEP_NARR-A_MONTHLY/	32
NCEP_NARR-A_MONTHLY_3hr/	0

nidata



0

# NCEP NAM Individual Run

#### Dataset: File\_Access/NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_1800.grib1

- Data format: GRIB-1
- Data size: 455.0 Mbytes
- Data type: Grid
- · Naming Authority: edu.ucar.unidata
- ID: fmrc/NCEP/NAM/CONUS\_40km/conduit/files/NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_1800.grib1

#### Documentation:

- summary: Individual data file, which comprise the Forecast Model Run Collection.
- summary: Model runs are made at OOZ, O6Z, 12Z, and 18Z and have analysis and forecasts every 3 hours out to 84 hours.
- summary: NCEP North American Model : AWIPS 212 (R) Regional CONUS Double Resolution. Horizontal = 185 by 129 points, resolution 40.63 km LambertConformal projection. Vertical = surface, 1000 to 50 hPa pressure levels, layers, and depth.
- summary: NCEP Nonhydrostatic Mesoscale Model (NMM) and Gridpoint Statistical Interpolation (GSI) analysis, running in the Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) infrastructure.
- COMET MetEd (Meteorology Education and Training) documentation
- NCEP Model documentation
- rights: Freely available
- processing\_level: Transmitted through Unidata Internet Data Distribution.
- processing\_level: Read by CDM Forecast Model Run Collection.

#### Access:

1. OPENDAP:

http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/dodsC/fmrc/NCEP/NAM/CONUS\_40km/conduit/files/NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_1800.grib1

2. HTTPServer:

http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/fileServer/fmrc/NCEP/NAM/CONUS\_40km/conduit/files/NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_1800.grib1

- 3. WCS: http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/wcs/fmrc/NCEP/NAM/CONUS\_40km/conduit/files/NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_1800.grib1
- 4. NetcdfServer:

http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/ncServer/fmrc/NCEP/NAM/CONUS\_40km/conduit/files/NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_1800.grib1



# **NetCDF Subset Server**

#### **NetCDF Grid Subset Server**

Select Grids, optionally bounding box and time range. A NetCDF file using CF-1 Conventions is returned.

Dataset: NAM\_CONUS\_40km\_conduit\_20070225\_1800.grib1

#### Base Time: 2007-02-25T18:00:00Z

Available Forecast Hours= (0.0 3.0 6.0 9.0 12.0 15.0 18.0 21.0 24.0 27.0 30.0 33.0 36.0 39.0 42.0 45.0 48.0 51.0 54.0 57.0 60.0 63.0 66.0 69.0 72.0 75.0 78.0 81.0 84.0)	Bounding Box (decimal degrees):
Select Grid(s):  Absolute_vorticity Accumulated_snow Albedo Baseflow-groundwater_runoff Best_4-layer_lifted_index Blackadars_mixing_length_scale Brunt-Vaisala_frequency2 Categorical_freezing_rain Categorical_freezing_rain Categorical_ice_pellets Categorical_rain Categorical_rain Categorical_rain Categorical_rain Categorical_rain Categorical_rain Categorical_rain_surface Categorical_rain_surfac	West Longitude: -153.212 East Longitude: -49.029 North Latitude: 57.381 South Latitude: 11.968 Forecast Hours: Starting: Ending:
<ul> <li>Cloud_Ice</li> <li>Cloud_Ice_hybrid</li> <li>Cloud_water</li> <li>Cloud_water_hybrid</li> </ul>	Add Lat/Lon variables if needed

# Catalog of catalogs in XML (programmatic interface)

- <catalog name="THREDDS Top Catalog, points to other THREDDS catalogs" version="1.0.1">

- <dataset name="List of THREDDS catalogs">
  - <dataset name="Fleet Numerical Meteorology">

<catalogRef xlink:href="http://usgodae1.usgodae.org/catalog.xml" xlink:title="Fleet Numerical Meteorology and Oceanography Ce name=""/>

<catalogRef xlink:href="http://usgodae2.usgodae.org/catalog.xml" xlink:title="Fleet Numerical Meteorology and Oceanography Ce name=""/>

<catalogRef xlink:href="http://usgodae1.usgodae.org/argo\_catalog.xml" xlink:title="Fleet Numerical Meteorology and Oceanograp ARGO server 1" name=""/>

<catalogRef xlink:href="http://usgodae2.usgodae.org/argo\_catalog.xml" xlink:title="Fleet Numerical Meteorology and Oceanograp ARGO server 2" name=""/>

</dataset>

<catalogRef xlink:href="http://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/SOURCES/thredds.xml" xlink:title="IRI/LDEO Climate Data Library" name=" <catalogRef xlink:href="http://dataportal.ucar.edu/metadata/ucar.thredds" xlink:title="NCAR Data Portal" name=""/>

- <dataset name="NOAA/NCDC NOMADS">

<catalogRef xlink:href="http://nomads.ncdc.noaa.gov:9090/dods/thredds" xlink:title="NCDC NOMADS Data Server" name=""/>
<catalogRef xlink:href="http://nomads.ncdc.noaa.gov:9091/dods/thredds" xlink:title="NCDC NOMADS Data Server 2" name=""/>
</dataset>

<catalogRef xlink:href="http://oceanwatch.pfeg.noaa.gov/thredds/catalog.xml" xlink:title="Ocean Watch SWFSC/Environmental Rese



# Catalog of catalogs in IDV (Catalog from within a Client)

🕲 Unidata I	IDV - Dashboard	
<u>File E</u> dit D	<u>D</u> isplays D <u>a</u> ta <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp	
2 🕵 📾	$\blacksquare \blacksquare $	
Quick	k Links 🔊 Data Chooser 📋 Field Selector 📃 Displays	
Files	Catalogs: http://motherlode.ucar.edu:8080/thredds/topcatalog.xml	
URLs		
Catalogs	Data Source Type: I'm Feeling Lucky	
Images		
Radar	<ul> <li>Fleet Numerical Meteorology</li> </ul>	
Point	<ul> <li>IRI/LDEO Climate Data Library</li> <li>NCAR Data Portal</li> </ul>	
RAOB		
Profiler	Ocean Watch SWFSC/Environmental Research Division)	
Directory	<ul> <li>Satellite-Derived Oceanographic Data Sets</li> <li>University of Alabama Huntsville POND server</li> <li>Unidata THREDDS/IDD Server (motherlode)</li> <li>Unidata LEAD catalogs</li> </ul>	



# **TDS-related Search Systems**

- George Mason/NASA Catalog Services for the Web collaborative project
- NCAR Community Data Portal
- Global Change Master Directory
- UAH NOESIS Earth system search system



# NCAR CDP Data Search





New CDP data portal release: the newest 4.0 release of CDP is based on a completely renovated software infrastructure. Please notify any problems to CDP support

The Community Data Portal (CDP) is a collection of earth science datasets from NCAR, UCAR, UOP, and participating organizations in the following research

easy search	advanced search	
Search for Earth Sc	ience datasets by met	adata keyword:
		Search
	1	





- MILAGRO : Milagro field campaign
  - BRequires CDP login and Milagro membership (Click here to request access)
- 🏱 CGD : Climate and Global Dynamics Division
- CME : Carbon in the Mountains Experiment
- COLA : Center for Ocean-Land-Atmosphere studies
- CU/CIRES/ENLIL : Heliospheric Model
  - ECMWF : ERA40 Datasets
    - 🗎 Requires ECMWF membership

# GCMD Search for "thredds"

Clobal C	hange Master Directory		
a directory	to Earth science data and services		
	About Us   FAQ   Contact Us   Site Map		
Home Data Sets Da	ta Services Collaborations Add to GCMD What's New Participate Calendar Links		
Agriculture	[Freetext='thredds']		
Atmosphere			
Biosphere	Refine by Category Refine by Free text		
Climate Indicators	Please select a field V Go		
Cryosphere			
Human Dimensions			
Hydrosphere			
Land Surface			
oceans	31 Litles Match Your Query		
Paleoclimate	Showing 1 through 31 of 31		
Solid Earth	1. NDFD-CONUS 5km [edu.ucar.unidata-fmrc-NCEP-NDFD-CONUS 5km]		
Spectral/Engineering	1073 by 689 points, resolution 5 km. Models are run daily at 12Z. Forecasts every 6 hours from 90 to		
Sun-Earth Interactions	Too hours.		
	2. NCEP-DGEX-CONUS 12km [edu.ucar.unidata-fmrc-NCEP-DGEX-CONUS 12km] 3		
n Data Centers	NCEP Model output Grid 185 (C) horizontal = 491 by 303 points, resolution 12 km, LambertConformal projection. Model runs are made at 6 and 187, with forecasts starting at 84 hours		
<ul> <li>Locations</li> </ul>			

data

# UAH NOESIS Earth System Search



About | FAQS | Contacts

ITSC | Disclaimer

Query: storm

storm

Search

Home

Number of Results: 134

Definition:

1. Any disturbed state of the atmosphere, especially as affecting the earth's surface, implying inclement and possibly destructive weather. There are at least three somewhat different viewpoints of storms, 1) In synoptic meteorology, a storm is a complete individual disturbance identified on synoptic charts as a complex of pressure, wind, clouds, precipitation, etc., or identified by such mesometeorological means as radar or sferics. Thus, storms range in scale from tornadoes and thunderstorms, through tropical cyclones, to widespread extratropical cyclones. 2) From a local and special interest viewpoint, a storm is a transient occurrence identified by its most destructive or spectacular aspect(s). In this manner we speak of rainstorms. windstorms, hailstorms, snowstorms, etc. Notable special cases are blizzards, ice storms, sandstorms, and duststorms, 3) To a hydrologist, "storm" alludes primarily to the space- and time-distribution of rainfall over a given region. See local storm, severe storm, 2. See magnetic storm 3. (Also called storm wind, violent storm.) In the Beaufort wind scale, a wind with a speed from 56 to 63 knots (64 to 72 mph) or Beaufort Number 11 (Force 11).

Source: http://amsglossary.allenpress.com/glossary

Refine Search	Search Results	Filter by Engine
+Atmospheric Circula +storm - Sand Storm - Tornado - Dust Storm - Thunderstorm	NCDC Storm Events-Select State NCDC NOAA Logo, National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service. National Climatic Data Center, U.S. Department of Commerce Storm Events.  http://www4.ncdc.noaa.gov/cgi-win/wwcgi.dll?wwEvent~Storms NCDC Storm Events-FAQ Page	+ All + Web - Google - 10 - Yahoo -2 - Ask.com - 10 + Data
Related Terms		- 🗹 NCDC - 10 - 🗹 NASA GCMD - 50
+Phenomena - Wind - Rain	Storm Data FAQ Page. When does data become available? More Notes An Episode is an entire storm system and can contain many different types of events http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/oa/climate/sd/sdfaq.html	+ Publications - AMS - 10 - Elsevier - 13

